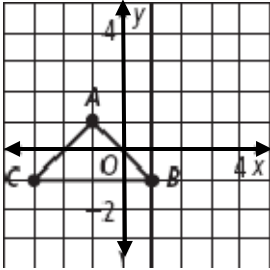


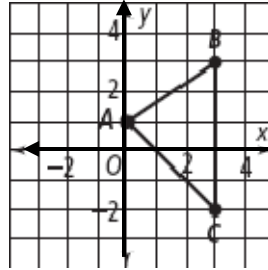
1. Point $R(x, y)$ moves 7 units left and 3 units up. What is a rule that describes this translation?

Draw the image of each figure for the given transformation.

2. $T_{\langle -3, 2 \rangle}(\triangle ABC)$



3. $R_{y\text{-axis}}(\triangle ABC)$



4. The point $(1, 1)$ is the image under the translation $T_{\langle -3, -3 \rangle}$. What is the pre-image of this point?

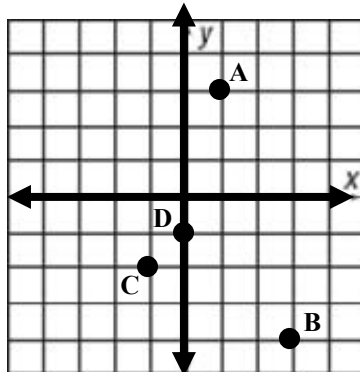
5. Find the coordinates of each image.

a) $R_{x\text{-axis}}(C)$ $C' (\quad , \quad)$

b) $R_{y\text{-axis}}(B)$ $B' (\quad , \quad)$

c) $R_{y=2}(D)$ $D' (\quad , \quad)$

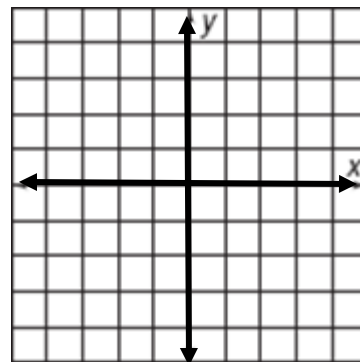
d) $R_{x=3}(A)$ $A' (\quad , \quad)$



6. $\triangle JKL$ with vertices $J(-1, -5)$, $K(-2, -3)$, and $L(4, 1)$ reflected by $R_{y\text{-axis}}$

What are the coordinates of the image?

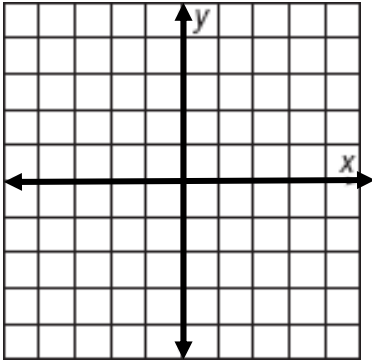
$J' (\quad , \quad)$ $K' (\quad , \quad)$ $L' (\quad , \quad)$



(Use to graph #6)

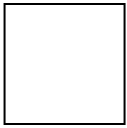
7. $\triangle ABC$ has vertices $A(2, 1)$, $B(2, 3)$, $C(4, 1)$

Graph $r_{(180^\circ, o)}(\triangle ABC)$.



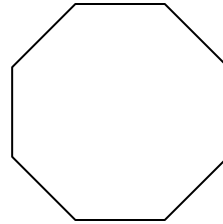
In 8-10 find the area of the regular polygons. Round your answer to the nearest **whole number** or leave in radical form.

8.



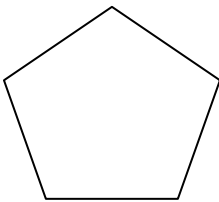
Radius 14 m

9.



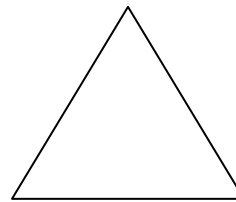
apothem = 15 cm

10.



Perimeter=30 ft

11.



Radius 4 cm